Bridge Club's Cheat Sheet
based on American Standard at http://www.prairienet.org/bridge/basics.htm and Williams Bridge Club consensus, last rev 1/20/05

Opening: with a typical unbalanced hand:	Responding to 1 of a major:	Responding to 1 no trump:
< 13 pointsPASS	< 6 pointsPASS	< 8 pointsPASS
Note : if your hand has a very long suit 6+,	With Support	8+ points: we use "Jacoby Transfer"
check out the "Long Suit" section	6 to 9 pointsRaise 1 level	4+ hearts and/or spades 2 C
13 to 20 points	10 to 12 pointsRaise 2 levels	5+ hearts, <4 spades2 D
Five card major of major	13+ pointsJump shift, then raise	5+ spades, <4 hearts H
	Without Support	5+ of minor, no 4+ major2 S
Otherwise of better minor	6 to 9 points	Otherwise balanced
Note : If your points are in the higher	4+ card suit of suit	10 to 14 points, balanced3 NT
end of this range 17+ you may want to	Note: only if you can bid "ı" of it!	4 - 4
signal your partner, perhaps by jump shifting over his response.	Otherwise 1 NT 10 12 points, 4+ card suitBid new suit	to 2 no trump:
	13+ points, unbalancedJump shift	< 3 points
21+ points2 C	13 15 points, balanced hand2 NT	3 to 9 points, unbalanced
Note : you must have a 5+ card suit.	1) 1) points, buttileed full distributions and 1 (1	use Jacoby Transfer at the 3 level
This is called the "strong 2."	to 1 of a minor:	10+ pointsexplore slam
with a balanced hand:	< 6 pointsPASS	101 politisexplore statif
	With a 4+ card major suit	to 2 clubs: "strong two"
no singletons or voids, I doubleton max	6 to 12 points I of major	We use "steps" for the first response:
15 to 17 points 1 NT	13+ points 2 of major	o to 3 points
20 to 22 points2 NT	Without 4 card major suit	4 to 6 points
25 to 27 points 3 NT	6 to 9, support for partnerRaise 1 level	7 to 9 points
Otherwise 1 of better minor	6 to 9, no support or good suit NT	io+ points2 NT
	10 to 12, supportRaise 2 levels	Counting Points: Bid Hierarchy:
with a long suit and low points:	10 to 12, no supportBid new minor	Aces = 4 Voids = 3 IC, ID
6+ cards in a suit, no opening strength	13+, unbalancedJump shift	Kings = 3 Singletons = 2 IH, 1S,
< 13 points, 6 clubsPASS	13 to 15, balanced2 NT	Queens = 2 Doubletons = 1 INT, 2C,
5 to 9 points, 6 card suit not C 2 of suit	to a recoally a on as to make their	Jacks = I sort of 2D, 2H,
3 to 9 points, 7 card suit3 of suit	to a weak 2 or 3: ie, <i>not</i> 2 clubs < 16 pointsPASS	
	< 10 pointsPA33	Combined points needed for contracts:
to to 12 points 6+ card suit	16+ support consider hidding game	Combined points needed for contracts:
10 to 12 points, 6+ card suit	16+, supportconsider bidding game	3NT game in NT : 26
consider a 1 bid, or open weak	16+, supportconsider bidding game 16+, no supportconsider new suit bid or NT	

The goal of bidding is to discover your partnership's shared strength. To do this, you have to *communicate* with each other using bidding that's why we use these rules. The best place to play is in a major suit. H or S with a "fit," which means at least 8 cards in the between your partnership's hands. If you don't have a fit but your partner is strong in the suits you are weak in your hands balance each other , no trump might be a good place to play. Remember that, without a trump, short suits are a liability, so you need to have balanced hands to play NT, or it could get ugly. A minor fit is your last resort with game at the 5 level, they are rarely the right place to be. Note that bidding is structured to favor finding a good suit as soon as possible, and to prefer major suits. Major suit contracts make game at the 4 level, minor suits at the 5, so this makes sense. No trump suits make game at the 3 level, but are harder to play and require more overall strength. Remember that the idea is to bid out your band when you have more information to give and any prayer to make game, keep making informative bids. When you no longer have a chance at game, stop bidding.